

Bring
Your
Keys

Next Monday, Aug. 12,
and try them in our safe!

\$20 In Silver

To the holder of the RIGHT KEY!

It's going to be FUN
to WATCH IT!

J. H. ANDERSON & CO

AS CHEAP AS

Well, just come and see how cheap they are

HARNESS, SADDLES,
BRIDLES just to suit you.

An elegant line of Summer Lap-Robes opened now.
Every thing you can need we have.

F. A. Yost & Co.

Great Offerings!

Our Summer Clearance Sale
is still going on and we are selling at a
Great Sacrifice our handsome line

Dress Goods, French Gingham,
Summer Goods, Novelty Wool Patterns.

These goods are going at cost and you will never have such another opportunity to buy.
If you want

Carpets, Mattings or Rugs

Remember we have the best stock in town and offer bargains impossible to duplicate.

RICHARDS & CO.

Well!

You found \$5 shoes at \$1. We now have 175 pairs Bolton's Ladies Shoes, sizes 1 to 6,—selling price from \$3 to \$5,—and we are still determined to sell them at \$1. Come everyone who wears narrow shoes and get them at this Slaughter Sale.

SHIRTS.

We are still selling the now famous "Stronghold" unlaundered shirt at 50 cents—worth One Dollar.

BOYS CLOTHING.

Boys and Childrens Suits go at a \$2.50 for \$1.65, \$3.50 suit for \$2.25, and a Five Dollar Suit goes for \$3.50.

STRAW HATS.

The Grand Climax on Straw Hats! Only a few, but all go at 25 cents. 25 Cents Takes the Best Straw Hat.

FURNISHINGS.

Furnishing Goods at actual cost.

HATS.

During this sale all hats may be had at a discount of 25 pr. ct.

—WE HAVE ALL WE ADVERTISE.—

PETREE & CO.

CREAM OF NEWS.

IF IT IS NEW AND TRUE THIS COLUMN
HAS IT.

Little River Association—Convict Captured
Jury Hanged—Skinner Caught—Henderson
Goose-Egged—Five Times a Bridegroom.

Clarksville Team Again.

The Clarksville ball team will cross bats with our local nine at Athletic Park in this city next Thursday and Friday afternoon. The Clarksville club has been greatly strengthened since the last games in this city, having secured at a large salary, the services of Billie Earle, a National League ball player, and known every where as one of the "Globe Trotters," he having made a tour of the world with a team selected for that purpose. In addition the following new players have been signed and will play here: Hart and Lever, pitchers; Eberfield, 2nd base, and other crack base ballists. The local team is in first-class condition and will put up a close game, being considered superior to any club in the South, outside of the big league. Those wishing to witness base ball playing of the highest order will have an opportunity of so doing on these occasions.

Little River Baptist Association.

The Little River Baptist Association, composed of churches in the western portion of this county, and the counties lying west of Christian, will hold its annual meeting at Little River church to-morrow, continuing for several days. Rev. A. W. Meacham is moderator, a position he has filled nearly every year for 25 or 30 years. He is also pastor of the church which gives the association its name. The people of the vicinity are making extensive preparations to entertain the vast crowds who will be in attendance. There will be dinner on the ground each day for everybody in attendance.

Henderson Shot Out.

Thursday's ball game resulted in an easy victory for the locals. Score 15 to 4. On Friday a much better game was put up, but the visiting aggregation was shut out, the score being 15 to 0. The game was interesting throughout and was highly enjoyed by the spectators. Schmidt pitched for the locals, and did fine work, as usual. Only one error was booked for the home nine. The crowd was not so large as on the day before. The double umpire system was brought into use. Messrs Tibbs and Olvey acting in that capacity.

Jury Failed to Agree.

In the trial of Henry Billings for the murder of Lutesville, Mo., of Wm. Smith, of Curleau Springs, the jury failed to agree and Billings was returned to jail for a second trial. Ten of the jurors were in favor of a life sentence, two were for hanging and one for two years in the penitentiary. Billings shot Smith to death, it will be remembered, about eight months ago, in Lutesville, where Smith had been living for several years.

A Bear in the Woods.

Several parties living in the vicinity of Crofton report having seen a large black bear in the woods near that place last week. A party of fifteen or twenty, armed with guns, clubs and bats, have been out on a hunt for the stray bruin with their dogs, but failed to come up with him. The bear, when last seen, had a rope tied around his neck, and had evidently escaped from some bagpipers traveling through the country.

Smith Defeats Quick.

The legislative race in Trigg, Saturday, resulted in the nomination of Mr. Denny P. Smith, formerly editor of the Telephone. With three precincts not reported, the vote stands 488 for Smith and 137 for Geo. W. Quick. The third candidate, Hon. Wm. Wharton, retired from the race last week. Mr. Smith is a very bright and popular young man. He has been non-committal on the senatorial race.

Many Times Married.

Mr. J. D. Woodruff, of Dawson, was married to his fifth wife last Thursday at the New Princeton Hotel, at Princeton. The bride is Mrs. Emma Fox, of the same place, and is 45 years old, and has been married four times. The groom is 71 years old. They will make their future home in Dawson. Rev. A. D. Moore, of Dawson, performed the ceremony.

Tennessee Convict Caught.

Lou Morse, a young colored woman who escaped from the penitentiary at Nashville July 9, was captured in Princeton one day last week by officer Wilson, of that place, and was immediately taken back to prison. She was sent to the penitentiary for three years for petit larceny. The officer got a good reward for his work.

A MUSICAL PRODIGY.

How He Secured a Liberal Musical Education.

Eight years ago New York city went wild over little Hofmann. He created an excitement the like of which we did not see until Paderewski appeared here in 1892. He was such a little fellow that it looked almost as though he could be carried away in the pocket of a greatcoat. He was only ten years of age, but he played the piano marvelously. Gerry tried to stop his playing in the public, claiming it was injuring the boy's health. The father said: "But what am I to do? I am poor and I am earning this money to complete little Josef's education."

Commodore Gerry then said: "Will you take him off the stage for six years if you receive money enough to support yourself, his mother and him, and to give him the best instruction for that length of time?"

The father replied that he would gladly do so, and Commodore Gerry within a week raised a sum of money sufficient to yield a yearly income of five thousand dollars. This he placed in the hands of trustees, who were bound to remit to Mr. Hofmann in quarterly sums for six years. The lad was taken back to Europe, became the favorite pupil of Rubinstein and only a few weeks ago appeared again in public, justifying by his playing the highest promise of his boyhood days.

Smith Claimed for Blackburn.

CADIZ, Aug. 5.—The nomination of Denny P. Smith for representative Saturday surprised no one here. Nor was his big majority a surprise. All the candidates took the same position in their public speeches, and all endorsed the resolutions of the meeting that sent delegates to the Louisville convention. It was well known that Smith personally was for Gov. Jno. Y. Brown for senator until that gentleman withdrew, but all refrained from committing themselves in their speeches for U. S. Senator. Smith all the time saying he would be governed by instructions. Mr. Quick, however, knowing that Blackburn's friends were largely in the majority in the county, decided on the eve of the election to declare in a public speech at Roaring Springs that he would support Blackburn for U. S. senator. Mr. Smith stood by his original plan and refused to commit himself, saying he wished to be elected on his personal merit and not on the popularity of another, but pointing to the meeting of the Democracy of the county, June 17th, '95, said he would be governed by the instructions of his party.

Mr. Smith has satisfied the Democrats who met in that meeting that his Democracy is sound; that meeting declared in favor of free coinage of silver and Hardin, and instructed the delegates to "vote for any resolutions looking to that end."

Mr. Smith is a talented young gentleman, and his instructions sent out from here to the Louisville press that Mr. Quick was defeated because he was for Blackburn, will have no effecting, but they misled what the facts are not known. We will elect him. The county will instruct for Blackburn again if necessary, and Smith will vote as instructed.

Tattoo.

Will Leave To-morrow.

One of the largest crowds that ever left the city on a similar trip, will depart for Old Point Comfort tomorrow morning. The party will be joined at Guthrie by about 30 from Clarksville and the various stations along the L. & N. from Guthrie to Louisville will nearly all furnish delegations. At Louisville a large party from Owensboro, one from Henderson, and one from Paducah will be added to the list. There will be between two and three hundred people to go on the trip and it will require a train of seven sleepers and two day coaches to carry them, besides two baggage cars, and the train will be run with what is known as a "double header"—with two engines. This great trip to the sea shore is always held with unusual events and the party which will be made up of the best people of the country, will be a most congenial one in every respect. A majority of those going will spend about two weeks from home, while good many will stay the limit of the ticket, which is three weeks.

Change of Schedule.

A slight change in L. & N. time card went into effect Sunday. The new schedule only affects train No. 51, the south bound passenger, which has been arriving at 5:13 p.m. Hereafter this train will arrive at 5:33 p.m., twenty minutes later.

Barbecue and Speaking.

There will be a barbecue and public speaking at Dade's Grove, near E. A. Stowe's, next Saturday. Speeches will be made by Hon. J. D. Clardy, Mr. O. M. James, of Marion, and Mr. W. R. Howell, of Hopkinsville.

"POP" BEAT THE MONOPOLY.

And Gave the Youngsters a Chance to Get Weighed.

A Philadelphia Ledger reporter occupied one of the benches in a downtown square with a politician, when, sauntering along at an easy gait, came the father of a family, and he had the family in tow. His right hand held the left hand of a five-year-old, while an infant with a cute little white sunbonnet perched on his left arm, endeavoring to unfasten the few straggling hairs ornamenting the pater's upper lip. The wife and two small sons, who looked about ten and twelve years old, followed the advance guard of the family.

Near the center of the square stood one of Councilman Bristow's beautiful slot machines, with its big, clock-like face beaming patronizingly on the group, to whom it silently intimated that the coin was not a good one. "I would give correct weight. As soon as son No. 1 endeavored the announcement he pleaded so earnestly to 'get weighed' that his two younger brothers joined in the chorus.

As soon as the father could get a chance to edge-wise, he quietly remarked to the clamoring juveniles that it was Thursday and he 'only had six cents left.'

The trio of youngsters received this news with crestfallen countenances, but suddenly the same kind of a countenance on which was pictured worry on the sons on the father's lit up with the light and expression of a man who has "struck a good thing."

Quickly, almost nervously, he handed the coin to his wife and, diving into his pocket, he produced a nickel and a copper.

"Pop" stood on the scale and dropped in the penny. The hand traveled around the dial until it stood opposite the mark indicating one hundred and fifty-two pounds. Then, before he got off the scale, he had his wife step on. The hand went back to one hundred and thirty-seven. Then, in succession, the twelve-year-old son, the ten-year-old, the five-year-old and the baby were weighed, and, gazing at his family around him, "Pop" walked proudly off, with the visible feeling of satisfaction at having beaten a "grinding, grasping monopoly" out of five cents.

ONE WOMAN SAW THE JOKE.

She Also Embellished It to Her Husband.

A half-dozen young lawyers happened together at the courthouse a few days ago, and one of them remarked that he had told his wife a very funny story and she never cracked a smile, so he proposed, says the Birmingham Age-Herald, that the others tell it to their wives and they would meet together and report the results. The story was this:

A widow desiring to hold communication with her dead husband, offered a reward of \$100,000, whether he was happy in the 'other world, went to a spiritualist and asked that the late husband be called up. In a little while it was announced that he was at hand. The weeping widow said: "Howdy, John!" He said: "Howdy, Sue." She then, with a voice full of mournfulness, asked if he was happy in his present state. The spirit yawned and answered: "Yaas, 'bout as happy as I was on earth. Don't see much change." Then she said: "Where are you at, John?" He said: "I'm in hell."

When the lawyers met again they all reported that their wives couldn't see anything funny in the story, except one, and they called on him for a report, after the laugh went around. "W-a-a-i," he said, "I think I got the worst of it. I told her the story in a very significant way, just like it was and I, sorter sarcastically and funny, too, and then I was right full of laughs and chuckles, and she turned round and said: 'If that had been your spirit, Jim, that said that to me, I would have said you were right where you ought to be.'"

Garland Penn, chief of the negro department at the Cotton States and International exposition, visited the Tuskegee normal and industrial institute, Tuskegee, Ala., and personally inspected the exhibit to be made by that institution. The exhibit will cover a representation of twenty-six departments, and will be in every detail the work of colored boys and girls. The exhibit from the state normal and industrial institute at Normal, over which Prof. W. H. Council presides, will also be a conspicuous exhibit of the negro department.

FAMOUS NAVAL TROPHY.

Why British Yachtsmen Wish to Win the America's Cup.

Several Good and Substantial Reasons Why the Prize Should Remain in the United States—Sept. 10.

The sporting event par excellence of the year, the one of most importance to Americans, is the contest for the America's cup, which will take place on the ocean course of the New York Yacht club between the 7th and 14th of September.

The visible prize of this contest is the cup offered by the queen of England in 1851 for competition among the yachts of all nations. It was valued then at 100 sovereigns. Plate of this character is frequently overvalued. I have no doubt, observes a writer in the Philadelphia Press, that many American silversmiths would be glad to duplicate this "cup" for \$250.

Since the cup was won by the yacht America, in the regatta from Cowes, around the Isle of Wight, August 2, 1851, the English have made seven unsuccessful attempts to recover it, and the expense attendant upon these futile efforts has been over \$1,000,000. The eighth attempt will be made at the contest to Lord Dunraven and the other members of the English syndicate of not less than \$100,000.

In the attempts to wrest the cup from us 10 races have been sailed, in all kinds of weather and of the only one was won by the English representative. That one was taken by the Livonia, in her race against the Columbia, October 19, 1871. The Columbia was disabled. The day before she had beaten her competitor nearly 11 minutes. In the succeeding races of the series the English took the Columbia's place and beat the Livonia with ease.

It is needless to state that the English would not have spent a tithe of the money it had cost them to try to regain the cup merely because of its intrinsic or sentimental value. They are too practical for that. They know that the cup is the visible emblem of naval superiority, and that while it remains in our possession the claim that England is the greatest maritime nation in the world is refuted by the fact that she won the cup from a fleet of the best products of England's most capable naval designers and constructors, and for nearly half a century we have



THE AMERICA'S CUP.

laughed to scorn their attempts to win it back.

Our new war steamers far exceed in speed, armament and ability to travel long distances without recoupling those of any other nation. China and Japan will, in the next few years, spend millions of dollars for new war steamers. If we resist successfully the eighth attempt to wrest the cup from us, which will be made next September, at least half of this money ought to be spent in our ship yards, and doubtless of war. This is why all Americans, regardless of political preferences, should desire the Defender to defeat the English yacht, be she Alisa or Valkyrie III, or, better still, the prince of Wales' pet, the Britannia.

The English have long claimed, and their persistency in making the claim and in reiterating it has induced many to believe it, that they can build ships far cheaper than we can. This is a fallacy. Their first-class ships cost more than we can build them for, as has been proved in the case of the St. Louis and St. Paul. The cheap tramp steamers they could not get a register from the United States government. They do not come up to our requirements in many essentials.

Regarding our prospects of retaining the cup, it can be said that they are fairly good, though it must be admitted we have more to fear than ever before. This is because the English have, reluctantly, adopted many of the features that go to make up the distinguishing points of American boats. Practically, the Alisa is an American model. In breadth of beam, in shallowness of hold and in her general lines she has more closely resembles our boats than any in England. The Valkyrie III will have to be fast to best her.

To most German visitors to Rome Goethe is a sort of deity, and after his death every trace of his life there, however unimportant, was unearthed and visited as if it had been a sacred shrine. One of these shrines is a humble inn, where the great poet used to take a glass of wine in the evening. Mr. Rudolf Lehmann relates that an enthusiastic young Teuton, engaged in this pilgrimage, asked the waiter in his broken Italian whether this was really the spot that Goethe used to visit. "Gott, Gott, no lo conosco, I never heard of him," said the waiter. Then, seeing suddenly that he was disappointing a customer, he added: "Oh yes, of course, Gott—he has just this moment gone."

A Practical Proverb.
"Learn to say 'no.' Of proverb he was ever a respecter.
He straightly bade to practise this, Upon the bill collecting."
—Washington Star.

THE MONEY QUESTION.

Senator John F. Jones Gives the Key to the Financial Situation. The Value of Gold.

Political economy has been called "the dismal science." The most dismal branch of it, if men are to endeavor for force conclusions to fit some preconceived theory without reference to principles, is that which relates to money. The persistent determination to make the whole science subordinate to the absurdities of the gold standard has operated like a Westphalian brake on the progress of the civilized world.

But there is one principle of monetary science that, if it is steadfastly viewed, will constitute an unerring guide through what would otherwise be a path of inextinguishable difficulty.

That principle is the value of the unit of money in any country is determined by the number of units in circulation. In other words, the value of every dollar depends on the number of dollars out.

The greater the number of dollars out, other things being equal, the less will be the value of the dollar. The fewer the number out, other things remaining the same, the greater the value of each, and this without any regard whatever to the quantity of which the dollars are composed. This is the key to the financial situation in the United States. Much more, it is the key to the financial situation in every land. Without this key it is vain that the student attempts to unlock the door leading to the arcana of monetary knowledge. Unlike many of the locks made by man, the lock on that door is unbreakable. The household of science is one that thieves cannot break through and steal. He who would enter must first find the key. With this key in hand, the most secret recesses may be explored with confidence. Without it, the student travels in a circle, returning after much labor to the point from which he started upon his journey.

Like one in a maze, when most confidently expecting to find his way out, he but sees himself coming up against impassable barriers.

If money were unlimited in quantity, it would have no value whatever. Nothing has value which is unlimited in quantity. If instead of sand the ocean beach were strewn with gold dust, it would have no value whatever as a commodity. Yet if that gold dust were taken up and coined into pieces of money, the number of such pieces being limited, the dust would retain a certain degree of scarcity, the slightest bit of it might become as valuable as a diamond.

So absolutely clear are the leading writers that the value of money unit is in every case, other things being equal, determined by the number of units out and does not depend on the material of which the money may be composed that they have not the slightest hesitation in asserting that the rule applies even to uncoined paper money, so that the value of every dollar of gold and silver in circulation is diminished or increased according as the quantity of paper money is increased or diminished, and reciprocally as to all of these, the increase in the number of dollars of either kind diminishes the value of each dollar of the others, while the decrease in the number of either increases the value of each of the others, without the slightest regard to the material of which either of the dollars is composed.

If this be so, if the value of the unit of money depends not on the material of which it is composed, but on the quantity what becomes of the gold standard? If this be so, inasmuch as silver has been utilized as money since the dawn of civilization, when it was the only money, and inasmuch as it now, unless senators are prepared to abandon the automatic system altogether? If we must by legislation compel a change in the value of money, why legislate so that it can change in one direction only, and that the direction, which is always favorable to the classes that lend money and live idly on their interest, the direction most injurious to society, most fatal to industry, most narcotizing to energy?

The idea that the value of a treasury note issued by government such as ours is not based on the number issued, but on something behind the note, or upon the credit of the government, deprives the whole idea of money. It is clinging to because people have been accustomed to look upon money as something of "intrinsic" value, and on that theory they have been at a loss to account for the fact that uncovered paper dollars, when sufficiently restricted in number, have precisely the same purchasing power as gold money, quantity for quantity. There is no question of credit about it. No man takes a piece of money of any kind, whether gold or silver or paper, as a piece of credit. If it is not legal tender, it is not, in the true and full sense, money at all; if a full legal tender, it needs nothing behind it but the law which makes it a legal tender for all debts and demands, and a regulation of its quantity, to maintain the monetary unit at any desired level of value.

It is not the credit, but the power of the government that is behind it in the law of legal tender and in the right to increase and diminish the issues. Taxes are payable in money, and debts are payable in money, and thereby way that people can get money with which to pay debts is by competing with one another for it in all the occupations of life. It is this universal competition to get it that fixes the value of all kinds of money, as it is competition that fixes the value of all other things. In this work of competition the number of dollars to be competed for, other things being unchanged, must determine the value of each dollar.

We are informed by so-called "financial" and statisticians, and by an army of ready-made political economists, that the gold standard is a gentlemen who have not taken the trouble to carefully study the subject—that the value of gold is unchanging, and that to attempt to depart from

what is called the "gold standard" would be to set at naught all the principles of justice and even to defy the very laws of nature. This is an argument used only since the demonization of silver. Up to that time it was well recognized by all who gave attention to the subject of money, and is still well recognized by all the authorities on political economy, that both silver and gold are variable in value. So serious indeed have from time to time been the variations in the value of money that thoughtful men—some of them distinguished economists—have long observed and commented on the gross injustice which such variations involve, and various suggestions have been made of methods for securing stability of value in the monetary unit.

Up to the period when the creditors discovered the ingenious plan of surreptitiously increasing by an appeal to the legislative arm of all governments the value of all debts due, and to become due to them, by depriving debtors of the immemorial right to pay in either of the two metals, it was acknowledged by the most eminent economists that the adoption of a single metal as a so-called standard of money was a measure of great degree of conformity in value as the adoption of both metals. This may seem a paradox to those who have not reflected on the essential nature of money and on the method by which it obtains what is termed its "value," which it does through the medium of the prices of commodities. They ask: How can there be a standard composed of two things? Must not a standard be one? Can it be two or more?

The seeming paradox involved in the idea that what is called a "standard of value" may be composed of more than one material is made plain when it is borne in mind that it is not the material but the quantity of money which constitutes the standard. The quality which in the case of value the word "standard" is applied is not a quality inhering in the material of the money. Value, as I have shown, does not reside in any article in the substance of any article. When the consideration to be kept in view is not an object but a service—not a material, but a function—the instrument by which that service or function is performed need not necessarily be limited to one material. Inasmuch as the purpose to be served is the attainment of a certain result, whatever the material by which it may be accomplished, such number of materials as may be indispensable to that result should without hesitation be employed. If we wish to obtain a clock which shall indicate the correct time, we do not insist that it shall be made of one material. The material of which money is made is no more standard of value than the material of a clock is the standard of time.

The yardstick, which by statute is declared to be the model for all other yardsticks is made of bronze, but bronze is not therefore a standard of length. A bushel measure may be composed of any material or of any number of materials combined, but this makes no difference so long as the precise purpose sought is attained—namely, the securing of perfect accuracy of measurement. If we assume the model or "standard" bushel measure to be composed of brass, it is not the brass that is the standard of measure. Assuming that all bushel measures were made of brass, then this particular piece of brass comprising the model measure would be the standard to test the metal of which all future bushel measures may be made, but this does not constitute brass as a "standard" of cubical content.

Credits aid in the establishment and maintenance of prices, but credits are themselves based on the quantity of money available for liquidation. They can be safely extended only to the degree to which money payments can in the ordinary course of business be made. No one will pretend to say that credits can be wisely extended beyond that point.

Hence a gold standard means a maintenance of a level of prices consistent with the quantity in use as money, which means a level of prices on the average the same as those prevailing in gold-using countries. This must be clear from the consideration that if from a country which possessed no gold mines all the gold had been sent out it could be attracted back on only to buy commodities, which clearly means that unless the prices of the commodities forming the subject of international trade were for the moment lowered here than in the country from which the gold should come we could not have exported the commodities except at a loss.

JOHN F. JONES.

Boies on Silver.

A recent letter written by ex-Gov. Boies, of Iowa, upon the free coinage of silver closes with this declaration: "One fact ought to be recognized by all. This nation will not long submit to a financial system that places it at the mercy of the money power of this or any other country. I frankly admit that the question is to be narrowed to the single issue of permanent gold monometallism on one side or unconditional free coinage of both metals at the old rate on the other. I am in favor of free coinage, because I believe it will at least be the beginning of a broadened financial system that will not be so perched in the near future as to give us an absolutely safe and sound currency, the foundation of which will be, legally at least, and I believe practically, the equal use of both gold and silver as money of redemption."

"Sir," she said, "I am a woman with a past."

The theatrical manager shook his head.

"The woods," said he, "that is to say, the wood wings, is full of 'em now.'"

Doctors' Say;
Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels.
The Secret of Health.
The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.
Tutt's Liver Pills
Cure all Liver Troubles.

In Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.
Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters
It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.
Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines the world over, and is the standard of all. On receipt of two 5c stamps we will send you a copy of our "Beautiful World" Fair Views and book-free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT
Without any internal medicine, it cures all skin diseases, such as eczema, itching, eruptions, etc. It is the only remedy of its kind. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by R. C. HARDWICK.

OSMANLIS ORIENTAL SEXUAL PILLS
Cure for Impotence, Loss of Seminal Fluid, etc. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by R. C. HARDWICK.

Do You Suffer
From indigestion, sour stomach, headache, flatulency, distress after eating?
Or is it a case of lost appetite, want of energy, weakness, debility?
Are you nervous, restless, sleepless, worn out in body and in mind?
Have you pains in the back, aching, side, head, arms, shoulders, chest?
Are you filled with mal-odor, salivary complexion, coated tongue, no sweat, dry cough, chills and fever?
If any of these troubles are yours, the thing you need is DR. KING'S

ROYAL GERMETHER STUMP PRICES
In the gentlest and happiest way, and with the greatest certainty known to medical science, GERMETHER removes from the system the symptoms named above, giving strength in place of weakness, joyous health in place of sickness.
There is no other remedy like it, and none that can do its work. And then it is a real pleasure to take it. Little children believe practically the equal use of both gold and silver as money of redemption.

GERMETHER WILL CURE YOU.
Sold by R. C. Hardwick, druggist

James H. Cockrell, a farmer near Lafayette, Ind., was blown to atoms while trying to rid his farm stumps with dynamite.

Daniel Evans, of Delphos, O., died of a broken heart as the result of constant brooding over his son-in-law's death.

AT COST! AT COST! AT COST!
GREATEST SALE OF THE YEAR!
ENTIRE STOCK OF MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS AT COST!

From now until September the 1st we will sell for cost. We have just taken stock and to make room for our Fall Goods everything goes. We invite everyone to call and be convinced that this is no humbug advertisement, but
We Mean What We Say!
It will pay you to call and get the Best Bargains ever offered in this city.
Come and Try Us and you will not be deceived. Remember the place.

THE LEADER
Mme. Fleurette Levy Mgr

Price Cut
At The Palace.
Sailors! Shapes! Sailor
I have them. You want them. At prices from 10c to \$2.00, all colors. I am daily receiving all the latest novelties.
The Palace Leads
in Styles. Trimmed Hats from 25c to \$5.00. Ribbons, Laces, Silks, Velvets, Flowers, Hair Ornaments, Ladies' Vests, Gloves, Silk Floss, Stamped Goods, Corsets, Hosiery. Also a full line of Butterick Patterns.

MRS. ADA LAYNE
CORNER 9TH & MAIN
TERMS CASH

GREEN APPLES! DRIED APPLES!
We are the largest exporters of dried fruit in the world, and the largest receiver and shippers of both apples in the state and get the highest market price. All we ask is a trial shipment to prove these facts. Stencil sent free on application. Write for further information and your goods will be sent to you at once.
HERNDON-CARTER CO., INCORPORATED, Louisville, Ky.

1,000,000
2 and 3 FOOT BOARDS
AT::
ROYAL GERMETHER STUMP PRICES
J. H. DAGG.
'PHONE 98.

GERMETHER WILL CURE YOU.
Sold by R. C. Hardwick, druggist

FREEZING QUICKSAND.

Novel Engineering Experiment in Progress in New York.

A Difficult Problem Which Gotham's New Driveway Has Presented to the Contractors—How It Is Being Solved—Watched with Interest.

Some of the work on the Speedway, as contractors who are doing it have already found out, is going to cost much more than the preliminary estimates of the park department engineers, says the New York Herald. The city will, of course, will have to pay for it finally, but meanwhile as the costs roll up engineers are very greatly interested in a process to which the added expense will be due. It is no more or less than freezing quicksand. The work is going on at a point in the construction of the Speedway immediately south of High Bridge, where there is now a huge hole in the ground along the Harlem river, which will be even longer and deeper before the work of securing a foundation for the Speedway retaining wall is completed.

The work is of a character to peculiarly interest engineers. Though somewhat similar steps have been adopted once or twice in the history of engineering science before, never have the same intricate problem been presented as now. The success of this experiment will be watched, therefore, with interest. Its cost will probably be in the neighborhood of thirty-five thousand dollars.

James D. Leary has the contract for constructing the section of Speedway upon which this unusual effort is to be made, and, curiously enough, the difficulty was encountered in the final fifty feet of his contract, which extends only from One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street to High Bridge. The work necessitates sinking a retaining wall to a rock foundation along the river side of the Speedway, and engineers' soundings at this particular point located this rock eighteen feet below the surface. Whether their sounding rods struck a detached stone here or not is not certain, but it has developed that hard bottom is probably twenty feet lower than supposed at the outset.

After sinking their sheeting to what was presumed to be the required depth it was found to be too short, and then a bed of quicksand developed, and a headway was made. In this emergency the expedient of freezing this bank of quicksand and water so that it would not overflow the excavation for the wall's foundation had to be adopted.

Wart & McDermott are doing this work, and they have in mind several new ideas into it. The plan is to freeze the bank whence the flow of mud and sand comes, so that a solid wall will be formed, next which the excavation will be sunk to the required depth—probably thirty-five feet or more. To accomplish this a row of four-inch pipes, about two feet apart, capped at the bottom, have been sunk perpendicularly to a depth of forty feet. Into each a smaller pipe, open at the bottom, has been inserted to within an inch and a half of the bottom. By means of a huge compressor, the air is forced through the small pipes into the larger and returned for further service into the condenser. It has been possible thus to use air cooled by expansion to about fifty degrees below zero, and the effect of this intense cold upon the flowing sand and quicksand has been to solidify it. With a coffer dam to exclude the water of the Harlem to excavation is now being slowly sunk to rock. Some time will be required to complete this intricate work, but it is expected to prove a success in the end.

A Girl in Gray.

A certain auburn-haired girl appeared at an evening party not long ago in a simple gown which made her look like a picture. It was of a shade of gray exactly the color of mouse-gray satin, the outer skirt being very full and edged with darning ruffles. The blouse was composed of gray satin ribbon, three inches wide, alternating with creamy white lace, with a beautifully finished edge of the ribbon. About the neck was worn a dog collar of silver. The sleeves were immensely girted, the tightly fitting lower arm buttoned with silver ornaments to match the collar. Gray silk stockings and gray suede slippers, with a bit of silver embroidery and gray suede gloves completed the picture, which any red-haired girl may duplicate for very little.—N. Y. Advertiser.

The Presbyterians.

The "Presbyterian church in the United States" claims a membership of 179,721, and holds church property valued at \$8,812,162. The number of societies in this denomination is 2,391, which hold services in 2,288 churches, seating 690,843 people, and occupies also 143 halls, with a seating capacity of 19,893.

FLOORED THE FAKIR.

Printed Lecture Had No Answer for That Question.

A new fakir struck town last week. He was new in two senses, says the Buffalo Express. He hadn't been long in the business and his fakemanship was a novelty. He was a young fellow from a Connecticut farm, whom the king of fakirs, who does business in Grant street, New York, had inveigled into buying the "territorial rights" for western New York for a burglar alarm, which was a novelty. The king of fakirs, who does business in Grant street, New York, had inveigled into buying the "territorial rights" for western New York for a burglar alarm, which was a novelty. The king of fakirs, who does business in Grant street, New York, had inveigled into buying the "territorial rights" for western New York for a burglar alarm, which was a novelty.

The new fakir did pretty well at first. He selected an eligible corner on a busy street and usually had an open-mouthed crowd around him. On the second day fate snatched him away in the person of a sad-eyed, thoughtful-browed man, who listened for awhile and then interrupted the lecturer thus:

"Will you allow me to ask you a question, mister?"

"C't'nly, sir," replied the fakir.

"Well, then, suppose the burglar knows the cap is in the window and pulls the sash down, what do you intend of shoving up the lower half of the window to which the alarm is affixed—what provision does your device make for such a contingency?"

The fakir thought for awhile. No such emergency had been provided for in the sash-down lecture which he had bought with his "territorial rights." He hemmed and hawed and quibbled, but he had no answer ready. The crowd appreciated the fact and jeered and melted away.

That night an idea came to a broken-hearted man who was riding in a boxcar toward Cleveland. It was the failed fakir. "Why, damn it," he said to himself, "a man couldn't crawl in through the top of a window without shoving the sash down far enough to touch the catch and strike the cap. Why didn't I think of that when that feller was joshing me this afternoon?"

But it was then too late.

Thus does fate make monkeys of men.

MEASURES OF QUARANTINE.

Texas Mob Law Intended to Keep Out Eastern Band of Morals.

The eastern man in a tough part of Texas was present at a chain-lighting trial of a man charged with horse stealing. That is to say, he was not "charged" with it, but he had been caught in the act, and the rope was about his neck. The eastern man thought it was time to do something, and he lifted up his voice.

"Gentlemen," he shouted, "you must not do this thing."

The crowd stopped in amazement.

"What's the matter with you?" inquired the leader, coming up close to the easterner.

"I say you must not do this thing," repeated the stranger.

"Why not?" asked the leader.

"Because it is against the law."

This was a new reasoning, and the leader stayed the proceedings a moment.

"Say," he inquired, "what air you from?"

"New York," responded the visitor.

The gang yelled its disapproval.

"I reckon you'd better scatter, mister," said the leader, menacingly.

"We read the papers, we do, and we air doing this thing for a quarantine air in the brand air mor-

tal. Texas ain't no paradise, but it ain't no New York, nether. Now you git, mister, and boys, a pull all together on that thar rope."—N. Y. World.

Caring for a Pipe.

"When you want to buy a briar pipe," said a dealer recently, "get a good briar. You will find it profitable also to get an imported make. Any pipe will get rank unless it is taken care of, and I think a briar root should be cleaned and oiled once a week if it is used by a steady smoker. By the way, the simplest and best method of cleaning a pipe is to do it with an ordinary piece of string. Unravel one end of the string three-quarters of the length, push the other end through the bore and draw it through slowly. Another point smokers should know is that a pipe ought to be carried in a loose chamois skin case, not in a box case, so that the air can reach it. A pipe is as helpless as a baby, and needs as much care."

TOO MANY SQUIRRELS.

Any Disease Welcome That Carries Off the Animals.

Whitman County, A. T., Contains the Infested District—Futile Attempts of Land-Holders in the Way of extermination.

It has been the hope and prayer of all farmers in the southern and western parts of White county for several years past that some kind of a contagious disease would break out or could be inoculated into the troublesome ground squirrel. Several attempts have been made to breed some kind of a disease among them, but all seem to have been unsuccessful.

In view of these numerous unsuccessful attempts, says the Arizona, and the interest taken in the matter, considerable comment was caused a few days ago by the report coming from near Ponaway that there was some kind of disease which was killing the pests in large numbers, and the country might hope to be free from their devastating ravages.

A Spokesman-Review correspondent has made an extensive trip through the infested district, in order to investigate the authenticity of the reports and the extent to which the disease is proving fatal. There seems to be no doubt that there is a contagion among them, which is proving fatal to a few, though not to the extent that has been represented. The first effect on the animals is to make them dumpy and stupid, then scabs and sores appear on the body of the animal, and soon they lose the use of their hind parts and are barely able to get about. Very few dead squirrels were found, but the animals seem to be less numerous than they were a few weeks ago. The decrease in numbers is explained by some observers by the fact that the females have gone in their holes to save their young, but it has also been noticed in districts where the young squirrels are old enough to get out of their holes. Already preparations are being made to spread the disease. Inquiries come from all over the country concerning the authenticity of the reports, and the effect it is having to decrease the numbers and ravages of the pests.

But while the farmers are anxiously watching the outcome of the infection, they are by no means idle in aiding nature to destroy their enemy. Traps, guns, bombs and all kinds of poisons are used in the hope of their destruction. One Coalf firm has already sold over five hundred ounces of strychnine, and other poisons in proportion. Arsenic seems to be springing into favor as a destroyer, but some who have been experimenting with it report rather unfavorably. Since the success of the western one-third of this county depends almost entirely on the discovery of some method which will promptly and effectively exterminate these mischievous little animals, all new suggestions to that end are thankfully received and given a fair trial. In Spokane county five hundred patent bombs for the extermination of squirrels have been received by the county commissioners for distribution among the farmers.

THE DICTIONARY GROWS.

Reporter's Attempt to Describe a Game of Baseball.

The possibilities of the English language have frequently been taxed to describe the great American game of baseball, but for striking illustration this from the Herald of Quincy, Ill., has rarely been equaled.

"The glass-armed toy soldiers of this town were fed to the pigs yesterday by the cadaverous Indian grave robbers from Omaha. The flabby, one-lunged Reubens who represent the Gem City in the reckless rush for the baseball pennant had their skins toasted by the basilisk-eyed cattle drivers from the west. They stood around with gaping eyeballs like a hen on a hot nail, and suffered the grisly yaps of Omaha to run the bases until their necks were long with thirst. Hickey had more energy than the Col's Financial School, and led the rheumatic procession to the morgue. The Quinceys were full of straw and scrap iron. They couldn't hit a brick wagon with a pickaxe and ran bases like pallbearers at a funeral. If three-

baseball players were growing on the back of every man's neck they couldn't reach 'em with a feather duster. It looked as if the Amalgamated Union of South American Hoodlums was in session for work in the thirty-third degree. The geeters stood about and whistled for help, and were so weak they couldn't lift a glass of beer if it had been all foam. Every thing was yellow, rocky and whang-basted, like a stigmatized full of dog-glammon. The game was whistled and frothbitten. The Omaha boys were 'bad enough, but the Quincy Brown Sox had their fins spread out until they couldn't hold a cray quilt unless it was tied around their necks."

L. & N. TIME TABLE.

TRAFFIC	GOING SOUTH.	GOING NORTH.
No. 51 St. Louis Fast Mail	8:20 a. m.	8:20 a. m.
No. 52 Nashville Accom.	8:10 p. m.	8:10 p. m.
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1845. —INSURE IN THE OLD RELIABLE— 1896.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, NEW JERSEY. AMZI DODD, President.

Total Assets, January 1st, 1896. \$ 52,329,917
Paid Policy Holders since organization 187,944,816
Surplus (Form S. Y. Standard) 6,258,800
Losses paid in Kentucky, over 8,000
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AROUND AND ABOUT.

NOTHING BUT NEWS FOUND IN THIS COLUMN.

A Condensed Account of the Latest Hay Pressings Tolerably Told for Busy Readers.

Coxey has been nominated for governor by the Ohio Populist.

At Nashville two big companies increased the pay of their employees.

John Porter, col., hung himself at Paris.

The Danville fair was largely attended last week.

Jim Matney, who killed Will Thacker, a wife beater, in Pike county last week, has been acquitted.

Miss Annie Wieland, of Louisville, demands \$10,000 damages from James Reed for breach of promise.

The Big Four will begin running into Louisville over the new bridge August 18.

Maj. A. T. Wood, at Mt. Sterling, has announced himself a Republican candidate for the U. S. Senate.

Pugilist Jim Corbett's wife has secured a divorce and \$200 alimony a year and Jim cannot marry again.

The Kentucky Lumber Company's mill at Williamsburg, was destroyed by fire. Loss \$50,000.

Three tramps were killed and five injured in a freight wreck near Canton, Ohio.

The Standard Water Co., of Cincinnati, O., assessed Assets \$800,000; liabilities \$400,000.

John Quincy Adams, a member of the revolutionary family, died suddenly while riding a wheel at Niagara Falls.

Heron Fleming, a Kentucky and Virginia outlaw, was acquitted of complicity in the murder of the Mullins family at Pound Gap.

Capt. H. J. O'Neill, aged 82, formerly a Louisville policeman, was married last week to Ross Langham, aged 24.

Lillie Snader, aged 17, is suing her boy husband in the Louisville court for divorce. Cruel treatment is alleged.

B. F. Burbridge, a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, was killed yesterday in a fall from his wagon at Owingsville.

Miss Flagler, daughter of the Chief of Ordnance of the United States Army, shot and killed a young negro, who was stealing fruit from her yard.

Gen. Frank Wolford, the old hero of many battles, died at Columbia, Ky., Friday. He was one of the most distinguished soldiers of Confederates war, fighting on the union side.

Rev. Willard Edward Beecher, brother of the noted divine, Henry Ward, died Sunday at Brooklyn, aged 85. Five children of the famous family of 11 still survive.

Hotel Zora, Uniontown's handsome new hotel, was opened last week. It is named for Miss Zora Mattingly, the daughter of the landlord, Mr. Chas. I. Mattingly.

G. W. Roadcap, a Kentucky central brakeman, was run over and fatally injured in the Paris yards of Roadcap, who lives in Paris, was working in place of Brakeman Rhinhardt, who was hurt last week.

At Lexington Capt. George W. Dillike, one of the most prominent members of Gen. John H. Morgan's command in Lexington, died, aged 63. He was teller of the Fayette National Bank and a useful citizen.

An investigation shows a death rate of 90 in every 1,000 of the convicts in the Coalburg (also Coalburg) due to the unsanitary conditions upon which the convicts are kept.

A second wage advance of 10 per cent, has been made by the employees of the Norton Iron-works, at Ashland, Ky., 150 in all, including Coal and Iron Company from that allows 5 per cent. increase to 900 men.

Ed Garten was stabbed to death near Murray by his grandfather, Joseph Elliott. Garten was a perfect demon. Elliott is a good old man. It was a clear case of self-defense. The boy had attacked him with a billet of wood.

Arrangements have been completed for the sale of 11,000 acres of land in Wilcox and Irwin counties, for colonists from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Wisconsin and other Western States. Five thousand families will locate on the lands.

The impression now prevails that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons managers will pay a license for the privilege of having the fight come off in Texas. Under the new civil code of that State, which goes into effect Sept. 1, a license to prize fight only costs \$500, and the pugilists are not booked to meet until October.

The grand regimental review of the troops of the Third Regiment Kentucky State Guard by Governor Brown took place yesterday evening at Camp John Young Brown. The Governor was accompanied in his carriage by Adjutant General Gross, Col. Grant Green and Lieutenant Whipple, U. S. A. The scene was a most beautiful and impressive one and the general department, marching and thorough execution of the Third Regiment was simply par excellence and excited the admiration of the vast throng of assembled spectators.—Henderson Gleason.

The committee appointed to locate a parsonage for the presiding elder of the Russellville district of the Methodist church met at Guthrie last week. Hopkinsville, Russellville and Elkton asked for the parsonage. After a few ballots, Elkton won.—Russellville Ledger.

Ed Hayden, who lives in Daviess county, fifteen years ago, while playing on his father's farm, found a land terrapin, and cut its name on its shell. Tuesday while plowing in the same field Mr. Hayden unearthed the same terrapin alive and still bearing the name which had been cut in its shell fifteen years before.

Pleasant Times at Howell.

HOWELL, Ky., Aug. 5.—This vicinity has been decidedly gay this season. Pleasure has reigned supreme among the young people, and of all the entertainments given one of the most pleasant was given on last Thursday evening, by Mrs. Jesse E. Evans, in honor of her charming guests, Misses Edna Shopshire, of Cincinnati; Mary Manson, of Clarksville; and Lottie Kendrick, of Ashbury.

The night in question was one of those rarely beautiful nights which seem specially made for outdoor entertainments. A clear moon shed its softest radiance upon a scene beautified by the light of countless Chinese lanterns, while the presence of many well-dressed gentlemen and beautiful ladies completed a picture as pretty as a glimpse of fairy land.

For several hours, pleasant conversation was indulged in and about 11 o'clock the crowd was invited into the dining room to partake of an elegant collation consisting of ice cream, sherbet, cakes, fruits and confectioneries. The hostess ably assisted by several other ladies left nothing undone for the pleasure of all present and the winter feels safe in the assertion that all left the party with heart full of gratitude for an evening of unalloyed enjoyment.

The society people of this vicinity were handsomely entertained by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Terrell on last Wednesday evening. To this party a large number of invitations were issued and all who were thus honored, knowing the hospitality of these good people, gladly accepted, so that by 9 p. m. the spacious yard of Mr. and Mrs. Terrell was dotted about with as merry a throng of pleasure seekers as ever made together.

The object of the gathering was pleasure and no one was disappointed, for the party was an eminent success and every guest carried away with a feeling of joy that had been there.

Invitations are out for a moonlight entertainment to be given at the electric hall of Mrs. W. V. Radford, on next Tuesday evening, and it goes without saying that the affair will be enjoyable in every respect.

Miss Nellie Fox returned home a few days ago from an extended visit to Owensboro, Ky., Lewisburg Tenn. and other places.

Miss Main Wood, a pretty blonde of Clarksville, left for her home a few days ago, after a pleasant visit to the Misses Lowry.

Miss Edna Shopshire, a thoroughly bewitching young lady of Cincinnati, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Evans, will leave on Thursday on a visit to her sister, Mrs. James Casp, near Hopkinsville.

Dr. W. A. Haynes and Mr. W. A. McKnight, our efficient railroad agent are spending a few days in Louisville.

Mr. Noble Manson of Clarksville, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. W. W. Radford, of this place.

Miss Roswell Wilson who has for some weeks been quite ill with intermittent fever, is now convalescent and the writer voices the sentiment of the entire community, in wishing her speedy and permanent recovery.

Mr. E. A. Wilson, of Howell's, greatest gallants, is spending a few days with relatives in Cadiz.

Recent copious rains here insured us the heaviest corn crop this county has had for years, and the tobacco crop is a very promising one.

The condition of Mr. Byron Ratliff, who has been very ill at his home in North Christian for several weeks, is unimproved and the chances are that he will not live the week out.

Special Low Rates.

Special rates will be made for messengers and visitors attending the Bethel association to be held at Franklin, Ky., August 20 and 22, 1895. Fifty must attend who travel by rail to Franklin, Ky. They must purchase regular tickets going to Franklin at the time of the purchase must procure from the local ticket agent where the ticket is purchased certificates showing that regular tickets were sold them. Tickets going to Franklin may be purchased within three days next before the opening, or any day during the association, good to return any time until three days after adjournment.

Persons attending the association how to procure return trip tickets at one time.

Jos. J. MILLIKEN.

DEATHS.

DAVIS.—Mr. A. J. Davis died at his home on North Main street, in this city, Friday morning, aged 70 years. He had been sick for several months. The interment took place in Hopewell cemetery Sunday afternoon.

Jailer W. T. Williamson is able to be out again after a severe attack of flu.

Mammoth Preparations.

The Hopkins County Fair Company, headed by J. B. Atkinson

Making Many Desirable Improvements on their Grounds, and Preparing for a Magnificent Exhibition at the Thirtieth Annual Meeting, August the 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st.

The people who have hold of the Hopkins County Fair, are evidently the right men in the right place, and certainly have a fine conception of the proper way to build up an enterprise of this character. The board of officers is composed of Jno. B. Atkinson, director in chief, H. H. Holeman, president, S. D. Langley, vice-president, E. L. Hendricks, treasurer, and C. C. Givens, secretary.

Mr. Atkinson is taking the lead in the matter and proposes to make the annual meeting at Madisonville, the greatest of their kind in southern Kentucky. He does everything on a big scale and was never known to fail. He is ably and energetically assisted by President Holeman, Secretary Givens and the other officers—all active, hustling, popular gentlemen, whose ambition and pride are thoroughly enlisted in the great Fair to be held on the last four days in this month. Nearly \$2,000,000 have been expended this spring in improving the grounds and providing all the possible comforts and conveniences for the great throngs of people who will attend. Five fine wells will supply abundant of water for drinking purposes, which will be kept ice cold.

A splendid new promenade-way has been constructed at the top of the amphitheatre, 18,370 feet, the widest, largest and most attractive in the state. New seats have been provided for the amphitheatre, capable of comfortably seating five thousand. Shade trees without number have been planted, which will in a few years furnish magnificent shade. A convenient ladies building has been erected, adapted especially to their needs and comforts. An immense pond has been provided, which will supply stock water free to all. And many other minor improvements along this line have been made, all having in view the personal comfort of the people who will attend. The grounds will be thoroughly sprinkled with two big mogul sprinklers, with an unlimited water supply from Reinecke pipes near by.

Among the attractions and events worthy of notice, outside of the splendid program of musical hall and ring displays etc., may be mentioned the great ex-confederate reunion, under the auspices of the Hopkins County Relief Association on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, which will be inaugurated by an immense parade from the court house to the Fair grounds.

The shooting tournaments on the first day, in which crack shots from all over the state will participate; some rattling bicycle races and fancy exhibitions; a side-splitting mile race, every day, free for all colors, kinds, sexes and conditions of mulehood, from any county, state or nation of the world, without entry fee. A balloon ascension, with thrilling parachute leaps, for the three first places. Exciting Roman chariot races, and high wire ascensions daily; and last but not least, the interesting exhibition of all the phases of human kind that is to be seen at a great gathering of this sort.

The L. & N. will sell tickets at one fare for round trip, good returning Sept. 2.

July Police Court Business.

Following is a summary of the business disposed of by Judge Hanbery in July:

Breach of peace	20
Drunkenness	14
C. d. w.	5
C. d. w.	5
Street walking	8
Keeping bawdy house	2
Unlawfully tearing up sidewalk	2
Cruelty to animals	2
Vagrancy	2
Fugitive	2
Adultery	1
Assault	1
Shooting on public street	1
Unlawfully taking property	1
Pointing loaded weapon	1
Peddling without license	1
Using obscene language	1
Contempt of court	1
Using profane language	1
Visiting bawdy house	1
Seduction	1
Renting house to be used as b. h.	1
Total	66

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

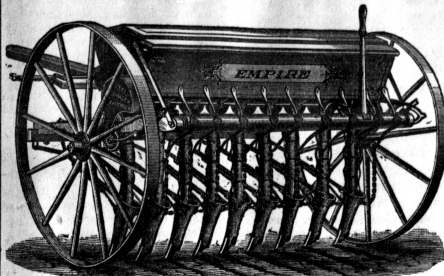
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Something New.

winter Turf Oats. Large yield and sure crop, afford good winter pasturage. Time to sew in August and september.

Place your orders for them at once.

Large stock of rye, crimson clover, timothy, and red top on hand.



Buy the celebrated Empire wheat drill, the only force feed on the mar et.

Guaranteed to sow wheat and fertilizer correctly.

Fertilizer.

we now handle the following reliable brands of wheat fertilizer:

Armour bone meal.

" wheat grower,

Northwestern bone meal,

" wheat grower,

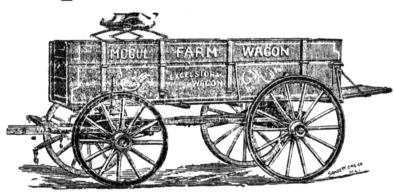
Homestead wheat grower,

National dissolved bone.

Place orders early as bone meal and all animal matter for fertilizer will be scarce and nigher.

Here is a Fair Proposition!

We will trade any farmer one of our latest improved wagons for as much wheat as it can bring into market, wheat to be in first-class order and grade good No. 2. After unloading the wheat we will give him fifty (50) bushels of coal to carry back home—free of charge.



In BUGGIES

we have this year far surpassed any previous record. Our stock was more carefully selected and was bought cheaper. Goods

well bought are already half sold. Come and JOIN IN THE PROCESSION.

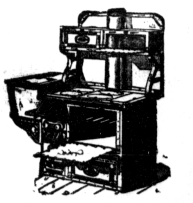
We have a very full line of HARNESS, SADDLERY and FLY NETS. TALBOT SADDLES made to order.

This is a cut of the

Majestic Range

which cooks the goose of all our competitors.

It is the housekeepers pride and a married man's peace maker. You cannot afford to use that old cracked cast iron imitation any longer. Save fuel, save patience, save money by buying a Majestic steel range.



FORBES & BRO.

100

PERSONAL GOSPEL.

Mr. Morris Cohen has gone East on business.

Miss Tommie Petree is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. R. Roper, in Elkton.

Miss Kate Pike, of Uniontown, is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Estella Smith is visiting relatives in Northern Illinois.

Miss Annie McPherson is in Owensboro visiting this week.

Miss Lula Cohen has gone to Missouri to visit relatives.

Mrs. F. W. Dabney has returned from Corleau.

Judge Morrow will spend this week in the lower courts of the district.

Mrs. J. L. Edmundson is visiting Mrs. Frank Trice at Pembroke.

Mrs. Joe Fowright is visiting friends in Nashville this week.

Mrs. W. R. Thomson has returned home from a visit near Lafayette.

Mrs. Maggie Wormald left Saturday for Dawson, to spend a week or two.

Mr. Hugh Williams has rented Mr. E. L. Foulke place on Clay street and will go to housekeeping.

Mrs. Geo. E. Gary, who has been at Red Boiling Springs, is now visiting at Gallatin.

Mrs. M. R. Buckner and Miss Margaret Clarke returned home to Owensboro Saturday.

Mr. Joe Weil, of Louisville, was in the city last week for the first time in ten years.

Dr. A. E. Bentley and wife are spending the week with friends in Dixon, Ky.

Miss Ida Fyke is visiting the family of Dr. Bell, near Adams Station, Tenn.

Miss Nellie Fox has returned from a visit of several weeks to friends in Owensboro.

Misses Fannie and Jennie Brognaugh have returned from a visit to relatives near Casey.

Mr. Lindsey Kinkaid has returned from a visit of several weeks in South Christian.

Mr. J. S. Moore and sister, Miss Belle, left Sunday for Dawson, to spend two weeks.

Miss Addie Hardin, of Bowling Green, arrived in the city Sunday night on a brief visit to friends.

Mr. Thos. L. Graham and family, of Casey, have gone to Dawson to spend two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. M. Howe, of Nashville, spent Sunday with the family of Mr. E. W. Henderson, on South Main.

Miss Retta Wells, accompanied by Mrs. Frank Wells and children, of Waco, Tex., are spending some time with Rev. Cuth's family at Elmo.

Miss Ruby Smith, a charming young lady of Elkton, Ky., who has been the guest of her cousins, Misses Mary Lou and Bessie Kenner, of Beverly, for the past month, returned home Wednesday.

Mr. L. W. Gaines, editor of the Elkton Progress, was in town yesterday, conferring with the press committees about the coming meeting of the K. P. A. of which he is a Secretary. Mr. Gaines says all of the indications point to a largely attendant meeting.

Prof. T. Simpson McCall, of Hopkinsville, was in the city Friday representing Bethel Female College, of that place, of which he is president. This is one of the finest institutions for girls in the country and has for the last few years been under the management of Prof. McCall and has made itself felt more than ever, notwithstanding it has been a college for forty-two years.—Madisonville Hustler.

Mrs. Ellen Withers and Ella Griffin, of Kirksmansville, visited the family of Mr. William Lacey last week. While here Miss Withers was examined for a teaching certificate.

Following is a list of people registered at Cerulean Spring Sunday:

HOPKINSVILLE.—Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Ware and son, and daughter, Miss Pauline, and Miss Bessie Master, R. P. Owsley and wife, W. S. Thompson and wife, Miss Jennie Wolf, Miss Jennie Wolf, and Messrs. M. H. Tandy, W. S. Tandy, and Messrs. J. K. Gasty, H. W. Tills, Bud Goodwin, J. K. Gasty, H. H. Tills, T. B. Fairleigh, Chas. Vaughan, N. D. Hagan, T. M. Tills, J. C. Coleman, and V. L. Gaster.

CLAY.—John T. Jefferson and wife, Miss Josie White, H. G. Thompson, Ed. Thompson, B. H. Brown, and W. P. Bacon, Miss Hayes Evansville.—Mr. C. F. Bacon, Miss Hayes Evansville.—Miss Fitcher, Miss Mamie Weller, R. Lindsay and C. A. Sharr, Fort Worth, Tex.—E. L. Kline and wife, Master S. R. Gardner, Nashville, Tenn.—Mrs. Brown, Princeton.—Hugh Hayes.

HERE AND THERE.

McKee's for turnip seed.

All kinds of turnip seed at McKee's.

Buy your turnip seed of McKee, The Grocer.

Miss Alice Lander went to Gracey the first week to teach the district school at that place. The session began yesterday.

Dr. E. N. Fruit, Dentist, office over City Bank, Hopkinsville, Ky.

Dr. A. P. Campbell has resumed his practice and also has secured the right to extract teeth by the painless process. Office over Bassett & Co.

Solomon Lackey, a colored boy living in the Fairview neighborhood, was seized by a vicious dog and his throat was so badly lacerated that he may not recover.

County court convened yesterday. A large crowd was in the city and trade was brisk among the merchants. "Sweeping all" did its usual run of business.

We have held you in suspense nearly long enough. Look out for something startling in a few days at Wallis' grocery, 211 Main street. Merritt's old stand.

The cottage on the corner of Clay and 16th streets, now occupied by Dr. J. W. Venable, will be for rent in a few days. Apply at KENTUCKIAN office.

Prof. J. M. Calvin will teach the public school at Brick church this fall. His school began yesterday. Prof. Calvin is a young man of fine attainments, who taught the Gracey school last year.

A most delightful entertainment was given the young people of the Howell neighborhood last Thursday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Essie Evans. Several couples from this city attended.

All who intend going on the Old Port trip to London and Paris, send tickets to-day, and thus avoid the usual rush on the morning of leaving. As much baggage as possible should also be checked.

The Louisville Gane ball team was defeated in Clarksville Thursday by a score of 19 to 4. In the game, Friday they got left by 18 to 14, and Saturday the score was 14 to 1 against them.

WANTED.—Energetic man or woman to sell Mrs. Shaffer's splendid new "Pan-Cake Griddle" to families in each county in Kentucky. It BAKES THE CAKE. Satisfaction guaranteed. Send \$1 for sample and liberal terms. References required. Address, Ky. GRIDDLE CO., Lexington, Ky.

A protracted meeting has been in progress at Hebron for a week and will continue throughout this week. Rev. D. L. Collier, the pastor, is conducting the services twice a day and large crowds attend. The meetings are held at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Cerulean is enjoying a real boom this season. A large number of visitors are now on hand and each train brings in more. The water at this noted place was never better than now and the accommodations are superb.

The musical given at the residence of Maj. S. R. Crumbaugh Friday evening was one among the most pleasant entertainments ever held in the city, and all the young ladies participating deserve high compliments for the excellent manner in which they rendered the program. A very large crowd attended and all were well pleased.

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LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Reported by TATUM, EMERY & CO., LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS, HOUSTON STREET, ST. LOUIS.

QUOTATIONS.

LOUISVILLE KY., July 31.—Cattle.—Receipts 152 and 44 calves. The supply on sale was light but demand equally so, the trading slow, but prices steady. A good clearance made, prospects look fair under moderate receipts.

CATTLE—Extra shipping. \$4.50 to 4.75
Best butchers. 4.00 to 4.25
Fair to good butchers. 3.50 to 3.75
Thin, rough steers, poor cows and calves. 2.00 to 2.25
Light shipping. 3.00 to 3.25
Best butchers. 2.75 to 3.00
Fair to good butchers. 2.50 to 2.75
Common to medium butchers. 2.25 to 2.50
Feeder. 2.00 to 2.25
Stockers. 1.75 to 2.00
Choice milk cows. 25.00 to 30.00
Fair to good milk cows. 20.00 to 25.00

HOGS.—Receipts 775. No shipments. Market opened 10c lower, tops \$5.00, but closed weak and 10c lower than the opening, nothing selling at over \$4.90 this evening. All other markets weak, and prospects lower.

HOGS—Choice packing and butcher. 4.50 to 5.00
Fair to good packing, 100 lb to 125 lb. 4.00 to 4.50
Good to extra light, 100 lb to 125 lb. 3.50 to 4.00
Fat hogs, 120 to 150 lb. 4.00 to 4.50
Fat hogs, 150 to 180 lb. 3.50 to 4.00
Roughs, 100 lb to 400 lb. 4.00 to 4.50

SHEEP AND LAMBS.—Receipts 2418. Shipments 773. Market ruled slow, and the outlook is for lower prices. Best Ky. lambs selling at \$4.25 to \$4.50. Best Tennessee lambs at \$3.75 to \$4.00 with a few extra good at \$4.25. Fair demand for good stock ewes at \$2.25 to \$2.40, common trashy stock ewes not wanted.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Good to extra. 3.50 to 3.75
Fat sheep. 3.00 to 3.25
Common to medium. 2.50 to 2.75
Bucks. 1.00 to 1.25
Extra lambs, 100 to 125 lb. 3.50 to 4.00
Fat to good. 3.00 to 3.25
Common to medium. 2.75 to 3.00
Tail ends or culls. 2.00 to 2.25
Stock ewes. 2.00 to 2.25

Mr. Otto H. Anderson has bought the vacant lot on the northeast corner of Clay and Tenth streets and has begun the erection of a commodious brick residence upon it.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers use Syrup of Figs.

SPECIAL LOCALS.

We Are Advertising.

Pyle & Renshaw, The reliable Furniture dealers and undertakers. Up stairs in Henry block.

Now Grover's back from making, and gone to Gables Gray, Mrs. E. H. Grover, of the Scriptures. For another name they say.

But you'll find us at our business, the latest make of stoves, and hope you'll call and see us. Whenever you possibly can. FYLE & RENSRAW.

LOST.

Bunch of Keys. Return and full reward.

J. H. KUGLER.

Fine pasture with running water. Plenty of shade and salt. Can take a few more cows at \$2 per month.

CHAR. KNIGHT.

Blue Rival

is the best shell made. Just received a new lot.

FOREB & BRO.

To Let.

My Place in Garrettsburg is for rent for 1894. Apply to Dock Giffney, near Garrettsburg, Ky.

J. N. METCALF.

Strawberry Plants For Sale.

Parker's Earle and Tennessee Market and other new varieties at \$1, per 100. Cumberland, Jessie & Earl's, selling at 50 cents per 100.

MRS. CORTEZ LEAVELL, Hopkinsville, Ky.

New 4-room cottage for sale or rent near 18th street. Apply to Mrs. S. E. CHASTAIN.

The I. W. Harper whiskey should be in every sideboard.

The I. W. Harper whiskey should be in every medicine chest.

The I. W. Harper whiskey should be in every club.

The I. W. Harper whiskey should be in every bar.

all of this because it is the prince of whiskeys. The Ideal Kentucky article.

W. R. LONG, Hopkinsville, Ky.

Wanted! Wanted!!

To give two cows for one. To induce a trade will give a large Range in addition, original cost \$75. Apply to E. M. FLACK, Hopkinsville, Ky.

Where to Get Meat.

I am prepared to furnish the public with fresh meats, such as mutton, lamb, beef and shot, also sliced ham. G. W. Wiser, Telephone 108.

O. V. Time Table.

TRAFFIC GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Daily. No. 4 Daily. Mail Express. Mail Express.

Ar. Evansville. 6:30 a. m. 4:30 p. m.
Ar. Princeton. 7:15 a. m. 5:15 p. m.
Ar. Corydon. 7:45 a. m. 5:45 p. m.
Ar. Paducah. 8:15 a. m. 6:15 p. m.
Ar. Burgin. 8:45 a. m. 6:45 p. m.
Ar. Paducah. 9:15 a. m. 7:15 p. m.
Ar. Princeton. 9:45 a. m. 7:45 p. m.
Ar. Evansville. 10:15 a. m. 8:15 p. m.
Ar. Corydon. 10:45 a. m. 8:45 p. m.
Ar. Paducah. 11:15 a. m. 9:15 p. m.
Ar. Burgin. 11:45 a. m. 9:45 p. m.
Ar. Hopkinsville. 12:15 p. m. 10:15 p. m.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 1 Daily. No. 3 Daily. Mail Express. Mail Express.

Ar. Hopkinsville. 6:30 a. m. 4:30 p. m.
Ar. Princeton. 7:15 a. m. 5:15 p. m.
Ar. Corydon. 7:45 a. m. 5:45 p. m.
Ar. Paducah. 8:15 a. m. 6:15 p. m.
Ar. Burgin. 8:45 a. m. 6:45 p. m.
Ar. Paducah. 9:15 a. m. 7:15 p. m.
Ar. Princeton. 9:45 a. m. 7:45 p. m.
Ar. Evansville. 10:15 a. m. 8:15 p. m.
Ar. Corydon. 10:45 a. m. 8:45 p. m.
Ar. Paducah. 11:15 a. m. 9:15 p. m.
Ar. Burgin. 11:45 a. m. 9:45 p. m.
Ar. Hopkinsville. 12:15 p. m. 10:15 p. m.

LOCAL TRAFFIC.

Ar. Princeton. 7:15 a. m. Daily. 5:30 p. m. Daily.
Ar. Evansville. 7:45 a. m. Daily. 6:00 p. m. Daily.
Ar. Princeton. 7:45 a. m. Daily. 5:30 p. m. Daily.
Ar. Evansville. 8:15 a. m. Daily. 6:30 p. m. Daily.

UNIONTOWN BRANCH.

South Bound—Daily.

Ar. Uniontown. 7:45 a. m. 5:30 p. m.
Ar. Morgantown. 8:15 a. m. 6:00 p. m.

Ar. Morgantown. 8:15 a. m. 6:00 p. m.
Ar. Uniontown. 8:45 a. m. 6:30 p. m.

Hopkinsville, Ky. F. M. MITCHELL, G. P. A.

RAMBLERS Won at Maysville.

More prizes were won at Maysville on Ramblers than were won on any other make of wheel. Out of a possible 23 prizes, 11 were won on Ramblers, including a hill-climbing contest which was won on a Rambler. Four first prizes, 5 and 3 seconds. Rambler riders always win. These were class A riders and not paid amateurs. The boys ride Ramblers from choice and pay \$100 each for their machines because they want to ride Ramblers knowing the Rambler is the fastest bicycle built. If you want to win, ride a Rambler.

STOVES

The best stock of STOVES and RANGES in the city.

TINWARE!

Everything in the Tinware line, cheap as

ROOFING!

Call on us for Roofing and Gutting.

PUMPS!

Best pumps in the market. Force pumps, hand pumps, all kinds of pumps.

REPAIR WORK

Special attention to REPAIRING.

Virginia St. Hopkinsville, Ky.

Opposite HOTEL LATHAM.

GEO. W. YOUNG AGT.

Carriages, Phaetons, Buggies.

I will be found with a full line of pleasure vehicles at F. A. Yost's & Co.'s harness store on Ninth St. Call and see me before buying.

C. B. WEBB.

GRAVES & CONDY, JEWELERS.

Repairing and Finishing. Tinting Cards. Wedding Invitations, etc.

—See Samples and Get Prices.—

Do you Wear Hats? —If so— Come and See Ours! All Trimmings Hats

Are sold at Less Than Cost!

Our stock is New and In Style!

T. J. Sarzedas.

W. A. P'POOL. A. H. GOODWIN.

POOL & GOODWIN

Keep the best and freshest stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries to be found in the city.

Country Produce handled. Opposite Phoenix Hotel. Main street.

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

HOTEL LATHAM.

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

In the finest Hotel in the South, with modern improvements. Steam Heat and Electric Lights throughout.

Rate: \$2 to \$3.50 per day. Rooms & Co., Managers.

REXDALE HERD of Berkshire hogs and Southdown sheep. Nice lot of year old Bucks and pigs of both sexes now ready for delivery.

M. B. Kipo, Newstead, Ky.

ARE YOUR EYES PERFECT? HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED.

The repairing of broken spectacles and fitting properly to the face, by Dr. D. Kelly is not equalled in this part of the country.

GUS YOUNG has the Agency for the Champion Mowers and Reapers

The Surprise Almost Ready for you At Wallis' Grocery.

Mrs. J. R. Dabney.

Lessons given in Oil and China Painting. Drawing in Charcoal, Crayon, Ink, etc. Lesson: Horses from 9 to 12 A. M. CHINA PAINTING. Those interested invited to call. STUDIO at Residence, South Main St.

REXDALE HERD of Berkshire hogs and Southdown sheep. Nice lot of year old Bucks and pigs of both sexes now ready for delivery.

M. B. Kipo, Newstead, Ky.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

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Where to Get Meat.

I am prepared to furnish the public with fresh meats, such as mutton, lamb, beef and shot, also sliced ham. G. W. Wiser, Telephone 108.

To Quit Business!

Beginning on Saturday July 20, and continuing for 90 days, I will sell my entire stock of jewelry at ORIGINAL PRIME COST!

in order to retire from business on November 1st. These goods are first class, and standard wares. \$18 watches at \$9, \$4.50 Pebble Glasses at \$1.50, \$1 glasses at 50c and everything else in proportion. My stock embraces a full line of Diamonds, Fine watches, clocks, Jewelry and Fancy Goods. Call and see for yourself.

T. G. YATES, HOPKINSVILLE, KY.